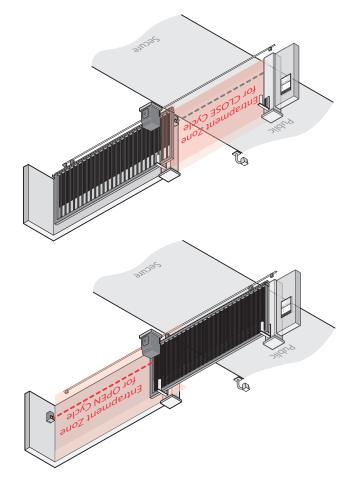


SWING GATE SYSTEM



HORIZONTAL SLIDE GATE SYSTEM

BE SAFE

Automated vehicular gate systems provide user convenience and security. However, because these machines can produce high levels of force, it is imperative that you understand how proper site design, installation and maintenance reduce potential hazards associated with gates and automatic gate operators. This brochure highlights industry safety standards and identifies entrapment protection devices that need to be in place to avoid serious injury or death. Before the installer leaves the site, take a few minutes to inspect and test your gate system.

- Make sure your gate operator is grounded.
- Ask the installer where the Emergency Stop Switch is located and cycle the gate once or twice to test it.
- Learn how to turn power ON and OFF and manually open and close the gate.
- Inspect the entrapment protection devices. Ask your installer to perform tests and show you that they are working properly.

A MOVING GATE CAN **CAUSE SERIOUS INJURY OR DEATH!**

It is the owner's and user's responsibility to be aware of potential hazards associated with an automated vehicular gate system and take appropriate steps to reduce the risk of injury.

Be sure to read the Important Safety Information found in your gate operator's manual as it provides more details and safety considerations than can be supplied in this

NOTE: The design and construction of automated gates for vehicular traffic must comply with certain safety standards and local codes. The illustrations and callouts in this brochure show the basics for gate system compliance. For reference, UL 325 and ASTM F2200 requirements are called out where applicable.

the access controls. over, under, through or around the gate to operate Create a safe design where a person need NOT reach least 6 feet (1.8 m) away from any moving parts. Make sure all access control devices are mounted at

- on or around the gate or gate operator. away from children. DO NOT allow children to play Keep all remote controls, especially radio transmitters, Never let children operate or play with gate controls.
 - of the gate in clear view of vehicles. Clearly display WARNING SIGNS on both sides pedestrians to a separate walk-through entrance.
 - and maintain walkways and signs to direct Automated gates are for vehicular use only; provide

SAFETY CHECKLIST

through, and/or passing through, the gate. and gaps are filled to prevent persons from reaching or death. Make sure openings are covered or screened begins to move, which can result in serious injury bars can become seriously mutilated when the gate In picket gates, body parts positioned between the

CRUSH HAZARDS

especially when the gate is in motion. clear of the gate path and the opening mechanism, result in serious injury. Make sure pedestrians stay that can overlap with a scissoring effect, which can A swing gate's opening mechanism may have arms

to cover these pinch points. bottom rollers. Make sure roller guards are installed Feet can be injured between the bottom of the gate and hands and fingers get caught in the slide gate rollers. In open roller slide gates, severe injury can occur when

PINCH POINT HAZARDS

areas where gate motion is close to stationary objects. Make sure pedestrians stay clear of the gate path and move, which can result in serious injury or death. and a stationary object when the gate begins to body parts may become entrapped between a gate

ENTRAPMENT ZONE HAZARDS

PRECAUTIONS FOR GATE SYSTEMS

INSTALLATION & MAINTENANCE

Follow the manufacturer's recommended maintenance schedule and ask your qualified installer about a service agreement. On a regular basis,

- ☐ Check all entrapment protection devices in accordance with the manufacturer's recommended maintenance schedule.
- ☐ Check that the gate is level. Manually open and close the gate to make sure it travels smoothly. (Refer to the gate operator's manual to learn how to turn off power and move the gate by hand.)
- ☐ Check the gate hardware on a regular basis. Tighten any loose fasteners and replace any worn or damaged parts. A smooth running gate prolongs the life of your gate operator.
- ☐ Before the qualified installer leaves the site, test all features (entrapment protection devices, obstruction sensing features) to make sure the gate stops and reverses upon striking an object.
- ☐ Make sure you receive instructions on all operational functions of the gate operator. Learn how to reset the gate operator, turn off/on power, and manually operate

MORE INFORMATION WEBSITES:

DASMA: www.dasma.com

Underwriters Laboratories: www.ul.com

Automated Vehicular Gate Standards, ASTM F2200: www.astm.org

Disclaimer: This brochure cannot cover all possible site situations or compliance issues. Be sure to read your gate operator's manual, follow manufacturer's requirements, and consult with your qualified installer for additional information.

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- when gate is detached from supporting hardware.
- Fallover protection to prevent the gate from falling • No protrusions along the bottom of the gate.

Swing Gates:

position.) Refer to the illustrations. fence (the portion covered in the gate's open or through any opening in the gate or adjacent sphere of $2^{1/4}$ inches (5^{7} mm) from passing under (1.8 m) above the ground. This must prevent a gate's base support to a minimum height of 6 feet • Protective screen mesh to guard openings from the

- No protrusions along the bottom of the gate.
- Proper adjustment of the inherent sensing system. Physical gate stops to avoid over-travel in both directions.
 - when gate is detached from supporting hardware.
 - Fallover protection to prevent the gate from falling
 - above grade. pinch points that exist less than 8 feet (2.5 m)
 - Covers for all exposed weight bearing rollers and

Slide Gates:

Where applicable, these include the following: Follow ASTM F2200 standard for automated gates.

- Photoelectric sensors (e.g. photo eyes)
 - Sensing edges

Examples of these devices include: protection devices are connected and working properly.

information and safety requirements.

Operate your gate system only when all necessary entrapment

Review the illustrations found in this brochure for more

Oa

operator's manual. in the Important Safety Instructions found in the ASTM F2200 standards discussed in this brochure and Make sure your installer adheres to UL 325 and according to the manufacturer's installation instructions. Make sure your gate system is installed and maintained

BE AWARE





Gate System Safety An Automatic Decision

NOTICE: Beginning January 2016, all external entrapment protection devices must be monitored for presence and correct operation. If a fault occurs, the gate operator will not function unless a continuous pressure activation device is being used.

This brochure accompanies your Automated Vehicular Gate System and provides an overview of safety and general design considerations that should be implemented at your site.

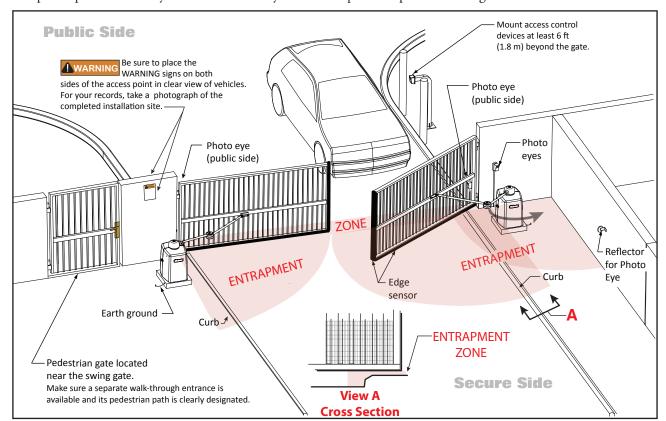
Its purpose is to provide guidance and help familiarize you with gate and gate operator safety standards and requirements.

Review this brochure carefully and keep it for reference. If you have any questions, talk to your qualified installer.

Swing Gate Requirements

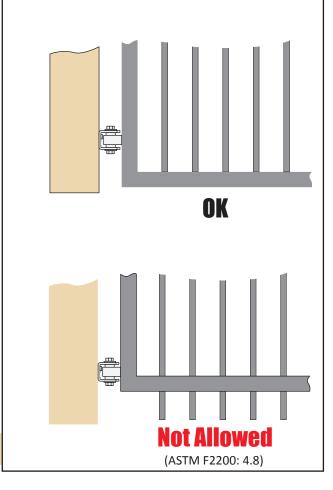
Only install the operator on gates used for vehicular traffic. Be sure to direct pedestrians to a separate entry and exit. Refer to the illustrations. The gate site must be designed so persons do not come in contact with the vehicular

gate while it is moving. Signs must be posted to warn pedestrians to stay clear of the gate's entire travel path. A separate pedestrian entry/exit must be clearly visible and promote pedestrian usage.

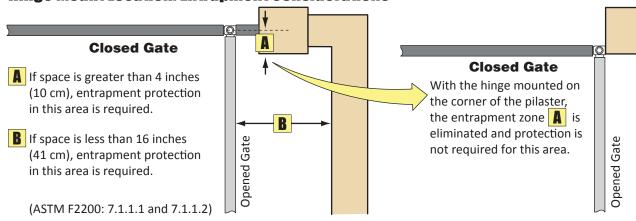


Base of Swing & Slide Gates

Gates must have smooth bottom edges, no protrusions should exist. If gate hardware or sensors protrude, they must have smooth surfaces free of any sharp cutting edges that do not exceed ½ inch (13 mm) beyond the base of the gate.

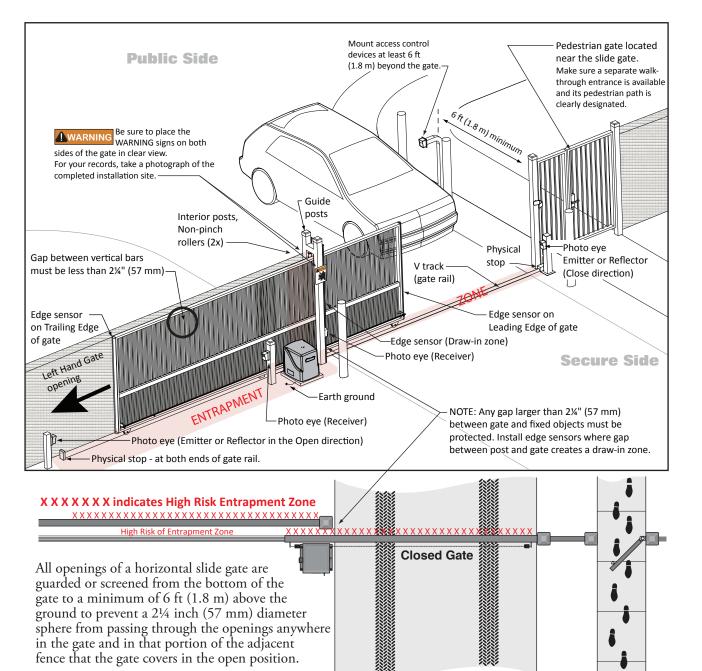


Hinge Mount Location: Entrapment Considerations



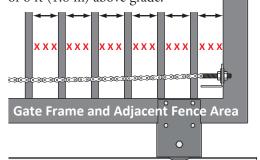
Slide Gate Requirements

Only install the operator on gates used for vehicular traffic. Be sure to direct pedestrians to a separate entry and exit. Refer to the illustrations. The gate site must be designed so that persons do not come in contact with the vehicular gate while it is moving. Signs must be posted to warn pedestrians to stay clear of the gate's entire travel path. A separate pedestrian entry/exit must be clearly visible and promote pedestrian usage.



Compliant openings

Gap (xxx) between vertical bars must be less than 21/4 inches (57 mm) up to a height of 6 ft (1.8 m) above grade.



Screened Wire Mesh

In the illustration below, the gap between vertical bars is non-compliant. It poses a safety hazard if it is wider than 21/4 inches (57 mm).

A screened wire mesh has been added to comply with ASTM F2200 gate standards.

